Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

34. (Currently amended) An electric power fault detection and isolation apparatus, comprising:

a control circuit comprising a control relay having main contacts capable of connecting a power supply to a load; and

a sensor circuit comprising:

a sensing diode <u>for</u> detecting one or more voltage drops across the main contacts, each such voltage drop corresponding to a transient, arc, or ground fault that causes fault currents to pass through the main contacts; and

a tripping circuit coupled to the sensing diode and <u>the</u> control relay, wherein the tripping circuit de-energizes the control relay in response to the faults detected by the sensing diode, thereby disconnecting the power supply from the load.

- 35. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the sensor circuit operates independent of the load.
- 36. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 34 further comprising:

a time delay circuit coupled to the control circuit and the sensor circuit, wherein the time delay circuit isolates the sensor circuit from the main contacts during a predetermined time period after the control circuit connects the power supply to the load.

- 37. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the tripping circuit further comprises a counting circuit that counts the number of faults detected by the sensing diode and de-energizes the control relay after a predetermined number of faults.
- 38. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the sensing diode is an optocoupler emitting diode and the sensor circuit further comprises an optocoupler detecting diode.

- 39. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the sensor circuit further comprises an AND gate that receives a signal from the optocoupler detecting diode as an input.
- 40. (Currently amended) An electric power fault detection and isolation apparatus, comprising:

a control circuit comprising a control relay having main contacts capable of connecting a power supply to a load;

a sensor circuit coupled to the control circuit, wherein the sensor circuit detects a voltage drop across the main contacts when one or more of a transient, arc, and ground fault currents pass through the main contacts;

a tripping circuit coupled to the sensor circuit and <u>the</u> control relay, wherein the tripping circuit de-energizes the control relay in response to faults detected by the sensor circuit, thereby disconnecting the power supply from the load; and

a time delay circuit coupled to the control circuit and the sensor circuit, wherein the time delay circuit isolates the sensor circuit from the main contacts during a predetermined time period after the control circuit connects the power supply to the load.

41. (Previously presented) A method for isolating a power supply from one or more of transient, arc, and ground faults comprising the steps of:

detecting the one or more faults by sensing, using a diode, one or more voltage drops across main contacts connecting a power supply to a load; and

opening the main contacts in response to the detected faults.

42. (Currently amended) The method of claim 41, wherein the step of detecting further comprises:

generating a signal for each voltage drop sensed by the diode; counting the generated signals; and comparing the number of generated signals counted to a predetermined number.

43. (Previously presented) A method for isolating a power supply from one or more of transient, arc, and ground faults comprising the steps of:

detecting the one or more faults by sensing, using a diode, one or more voltage drops across main contacts connecting a power supply to a load;

opening the main contacts in response to the detected faults; and

isolating the diode from the main contacts during a predetermined time period after the main contacts connect the power supply to the load.

44. (Currently amended) An electric power fault detection and isolation apparatus, comprising:

a control circuit comprising a control relay having main contacts capable of connecting a power supply to a load; and

a sensor circuit comprising:

means for detecting one or more voltage drops across the main contacts, each such voltage drop corresponding to a transient, arc, or ground fault that causes fault currents to pass through the main contacts; and

a tripping circuit coupled to the sensing means and <u>the</u> control relay, which deenergizes the control relay in response to faults detected by the sensing means, thereby disconnecting the power supply from the load.

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